Doc. No.: X3J16/96-0117R1 WG21/N0935 Date: July 15, 1996 Project: Programming Language C++ Reply To: Sandra Whitman Digital Equipment Corporation whitman@tle.enet.dec.com

Clause 18 (Language Support Library) Issues List - Version 4

Revision History

Version 1 - February 1, 1995: Distributed in pre-Austin mailing. Version 2 - May 30, 1995: Distributed in pre-Monterey mailing. Version 3 - September 26, 1995: Distributed in pre-Tokyo mailing. Closed issues are compressed to save paper. Version 4 - May 22, 1996: Distributed in pre-Stockholm mailing.

Introduction

This document is a summary of the issues identified in Clause 18. For each issue the status, a short description, and pointers to relevant reflector messages and papers are given.

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Active Issues

Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-015 Title: Should terminate() and unexpected() be in <exception> ? Should terminate() and unexpected 18.6 Exception handling [lib.support.exception] Sections: 18.6.2.4 unexpected [lib.unexpected] 18.6.3.3 terminate [lib.terminate] Status: active Nathan Myers in a private mail: Description: [The discussion is why terminate() and unexpected() are declared in <exception>. I had speculated: ] > > 1. They are present so that users can call them to simulate > > the event normally generated only by the runtime environment. > > 2. They are present so that users can restore the original behavior, even if they didn't originally call set\_\*\_handler. > > > > 3. They are present so their address can be compared against the result of calling set\_\*\_handler. > > > > [spicer replied:] > Of these, I believe that only #1 is possible. The default terminate > handler is not terminate(), but rather an implementation defined > function that calls abort(). If you were to do > set\_terminate(&terminate); > > you would probably end up with an infinite loop (until you ran out > of stack space). For the same reason, a call to set\_terminate would > never return the address of terminate() as the previous handler value. > The same applies to unexpected. > It seems odd to permit #1, particularly for unexpected. I would actually > prefer that it be undefined if a user calls either of these > functions.

that we didn't really look closely enough at this and just assumed as I did that unexpected() was itself the default handler. If these functions aren't mentioned in a header file, and can't be called by users, why mention them at all? On the other hand, wouldn't it be simpler if they were just the default handler? Proposed Resolution: Remove terminate() and unexpected() from <exception> Change clause 18.6 Exception handling [lib.support.exception] as follows: 1. remove void unexpected(); void terminate(); from <exception> synopsis. 2. check usage in 18.6.2.2, 18.6.2.4, 18.6.3.1, 18.6.3.3, 8.6.4 Requestor: Nathan Myers, ncm@cantrip.org Sandra Whitman Owner: c++std-lib-4725, 4728 Emails: None. Papers: \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-016 Title: numeric\_limits and LIA-1/WG14/C Compliance Sections: 18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib.limits] 18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib.limits] Sections: Status: active Description: Nathan Myers in a private email: Someone needs to do some real analysis here. There are quite a few open issues: 1. Are we REQUIRED to be LIA-1 compliant? 2. What are they doing in WG14 in this area? 3. How do we keep compatibility with C? Is it possible? 4. Is it enough to add a few new members to numeric\_limits, or do we need to add a whole bunch of extra stuff (LIA-1, Annex E.4 suggests a h> header for C implementations wishing to comply to LIA-1). Proposed Resolution: Complete analysis required to provide a solution to the problem of LIA-1 conformance. Requestor: Nathan Myers, ncm@cantrip.org Mike Lijewski, lijewski@roguewave.com Owner: Sandra Whitman c++std-all-1262 mentions LIA-1. Emails: c++std-lib-3975. Suggested reading is ISO/IEC 10967-1:1994. Papers: (IEC 559 is the same as IEEE 754, and it is a subset of "ISO/IEC 10967-1, Language independent arithmetic -Part 1: Integer and floating point arithmetic" (also known as LIA-1). \_\_\_\_\_ Library Clause 18 Work Group: Issue Number: 18-017 Title: Run-time Dependent traps in numeric\_limits 18.2.1 Numeric Limits [lib.support.limits] Sections:

This is worth bringing up in the Lib WG. I suspect

Status: active Description: Mike Lijewski in c++std-lib-3975:

>I can imagine an implementation where >the value of numeric\_limits<double>::traps depends on the setting >of some user-settable math library flags; i.e. the value of >numeric\_limits<double>::traps could be true in one part of a >program and false in another, depending on what, if any, >OS-specific math library calls the user's made. In any case, I >don't see a good reason why this should be precluded.

The problem here is that changing this member to be an inline static (member) function would impose a performance overhead.

Proposed Resolution:

Change numeric\_limits<T>::traps to an inline static member function.

| Requestor: | Mike Lijewski, lijewski@roguewave.com      |
|------------|--|
| Owner:     | Sandra Whitman                             |
| Emails:    | c++std-lib-3975.                           |
| Papers:    | Suggested reading is ISO/IEC 10967-1:1994. |

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| Work Group:   | Library Clause 18                             |
|---------------|---|
| Issue Number: | 18-018  |
| Title:        | Run-time Dependent Rounding in numeric_limits |
| Sections:     | 18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib.limits]            |
| Status:       | active  |
| Description:  |   |

There are systems where the rounding style for floating point numbers isn't constant. This member:

numeric\_limits<float|double|long double>::round\_style

can be changed by calling the IEEE function fpsetround at run time. Additionally if the initial rounding style is set by the run-time environment, the initializer for round\_style isn't a constant expression as it can only be determined by calling fpgetround and related functions. (SDW 5/96, I believe these are equivalent to the fesetround/fegetround functions described by WG14/N319, X3J11/94-003 Floating-Point C Extensions)

Proposed Resolution:

```
1. Add a new enum value to "18.2.1.3 [lib.round.style]":
```

```
namespace std {
     enum float_round_style {
       round_indeterminate
                                  = -1,
                                  = 0,
       round_toward_zero
                                  = 1,
       round_to_nearest
       round_toward_infinity = 2,
       round_toward_neg_infinity = 3,
round_runtime_dependent = 4
                                             // New enum value
     };
   }
2. Add a new inline static (member) function to "18.2.1.1
   [lib.numeric.limits]":
   namespace std {
     template<class T> class numeric_limits {
     public:
```

```
// Current list
          static float_round_style current_round_style() throw(); // New
        };
       }
       This function shall return the current round style, and may therefore
      not return float_round_style::round_runtime_dependent.
    3. It should also be added in the text that these members are meaningful
       for floating points only.
       The text for 2 and 3 above in 18.2.1.2 could be (SDW 5/96):
       static float_round_style current_round_style() throw();
       Dynamic rounding mode, if available. May not return
       float_round_style::round_runtime_dependent. (SDW 5/96,
       can an error be returned by this routine?)
      Meaningful for floating point types which adhere to IEC 559.
Requestor:
              Dominik Strasser, Dominik.Strasser@mch.sni.de
Owner:
             Sandra Whitman
Lmalls:
Papers:
             c++std-lib-4073, 4091
             Suggested reading is ISO/IEC 10967-1:1994.
Discussion:
    It was difficult to select a good name for the new enum value. Dominik
   and I had at least this list to choose from:
      round_runtime_dependent // Selected
      round_varying
      round_variable
      round_fluctuate
      round_runtime_determinable
      round_volatile
      round_non_constant
    Someone fluent in English might have objections to the suggested name.
_____
Work Group:
             Library Clause 18
Work Group:Library Clause 18Issue Number:18-019Title:Extra Denorm Members in numeric_limits in Support of IEC 559Sections:18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib.limits]Status:active
Description: Nathan Myers in a private email:
    In support of iec559 there should be two or three other parameters
   describing denormalized number behavior.
Proposed Resolution:
   Add additional denorm members. (Details from Nathan needed)
Requestor: Nathan Myers, ncm@cantrip.org
             Sandra Whitman
Owner:
Emails:
             c++std-all-1262 mentions LIA-1.
Papers:
              Suggested reading is ISO/IEC 10967-1:1994.
_____
Work Group:
              Library Clause 18
Issue Number: 18-020
```

numeric\_limits static const int/bool Members Must be

Title:

```
Constant Expressions.
Sections:
                18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib.limits]
Status:
                active
Description:
               Nathan Myers in c++std-lib-4594
    The default definition of the template numeric_limits<>
    is still not right. It's important for the int and bool
    static const members to be compile-time constants, both
    in the default definition and in any vendor or user
    specializations. That is, members should look like:
       static const int digits = 0;
   not
       static const int digits;
    This makes a difference because user code can say for example:
      char digits[numeric_limits<T>::digits + 1];
   or
     case numeric_limits<T>::digits:
   which would not compile if it were an out-of-line constant. The
    original proposal specified things this way (and no proposal changed
    it) but editorial tinkering has stripped off the definitions.
Proposed Resolution:
    1. In the class template declaration in [lib.numeric.limits],
       for all static const integral or enumerated members:
         add " = 0" int members
         add " = false" to bool members
         add " = round_toward_zero" to the member round_style.
       So in 18.2.1.1 numeric_limits would look like this:
        template<class T> class numeric_limits {
        public:
          static const bool is_specialized = false;
          static T min() throw();
          static T max() throw();
          static const int digits = 0;
          static const int digits10 = 0;
          static const bool is_signed = false;
          static const bool is_integer = false;
          static const bool is_exact = false;
          static const int radix = 0;
          static T epsilon() throw();
          static T round_error() throw();
          static const int min exponent = 0;
          static const int min_exponent10 = 0;
          static const int max_exponent = 0;
          static const int max_exponent10 = 0;
          static const bool has_infinity = false;
          static const bool has_quiet_NaN = false;
          static const bool has_signaling_NaN = false;
          static const bool has_denorm = false;
          static const bool has_denorm_loss = false;
          static T infinity() throw();
          static T quiet_NaN() throw();
          static T signaling_NaN() throw();
          static T denorm min() throw();
          static const bool is_iec559 = false;
          static const bool is_bounded = false;
```

static const bool is\_module = false;

static const bool traps = false; static const bool tinyness\_before = false; static const float\_round\_style round\_style = round\_toward\_zero; }; 2. Add a paragraph to 18.2.1.1: For all members declared "static const" in the template above, specializations must define these values in such a way that they are usable as integral constant expressions. Nathan Myers, ncm@cantrip.org Requestor: Owner: Sandra Whitman Emails: c++std-lib-4594,4596,4597,4639 Papers: None \_\_\_\_\_ Library Clause 18 Work Group: Issue Number: 18-021 Title: Correction to nothrow in <new> Sections: 18.4 Dynamic memory management [lib.support.dynamic] active Status: Description: John Spicer in a private email: > > > I think there is a minor problem with the proposed change. > > > > > >I believe that > > > > > > const nothrow\_t nothrow; > > > > > >should be changed to > > > const nothrow\_t nothrow = {}; > > > > > > > > >because const objects must be initialized. > > > > Thanks, John. > > > > Several people want it changed to: > > > > enum nothrow\_t { nothrow }; > > > I take it that the objection to the original proposal was that > people didn't like having a "nothrow" object allocated in each > translation unit where it was used? If so, why not just require that > the library define the object and just have a declaration in the > header file? > I can think of two potential problems with the enum approach: > > 1. There is an implicit conversion from enum to int, so nothrow will match an integral argument (although the one taking an enum is > preferred). > > > 2. The declaration given above gives nothrow the value zero, which will also match any pointer type argument as it is a > null pointer constant. As with point #1, the enum version is > still preferred. > > Why is this a problem, if the enum version is preferred? > Because it makes writing class specific operator new functions > more error-prone. The following example calls the class specific > placement new because the user forgot to supply a nothrow version.

```
> In error message would be a much better result.
   >
   > John.
   >
   > typedef unsigned int size_t;
   > enum nothrow_t { nothrow };
   >
   > struct A {
             void* operator new(size_t, void*); // placement new
   >
   > };
   >
   > int main()
   > {
             A* ap = new (nothrow) A; // calls placement new
   >
   > }
   >
Proposed Resolution:
   Change:
       struct nothrow_t{};
       const nothrow_t nothrow;
   To (choose one):
       1) struct nothrow_t{};
          const nothrow_t nothrow = {};
       2) enum nothrow_t { nothrow };
       3) struct nothrow_t {};
          extern nothrow_t nothrow; // defined in library
Requestor:
              John Spicer, Jerry Schwarz
Owner:
              Sandra Whitman
Emails:
              c++std-lib-4725, 4728
Papers:
              None
_____
Work Group:
             Library Clause 18
Issue Number: 18-022
Title:
              Make nothrow a Type Instead of a Value.
Sections:
              18.4 Dynamic memory management [lib.support.dynamic]
Status:
              active
Description:
             Clause 18-editorial box 1
   Currently section 18.4 contains an editorial box which states:
   The division of labor between the global namespace and namespace
   std should probably be reexamined, as should making nothrow a
   type instead of a value. ARK 9/95
   The issue of making nothrow a type was addressed at the Santa Cruz
   meeting. It is additionally addressed by 18-021.
   The issue of global namespace verses std namespace may need further
   clarification. (May have been addressed by 18-008)
Proposed Resolution:
    Remove Box 41 (make sure that the namespace issue is closed).
```

| Requestor: | Sandra | Whitman |
|------------|--------|---------|
| Owner:     | Sandra | Whitman |

Emails: None Papers: None \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-023 Title: Array Form of Operator delete[] Added to 18.4.1.2 Sections: 18.4.1.2 Array forms [lib.new.delete.array] Status: active Description: Clause 18-editorial box 2 Currently section 18.4.1.2 contains an editorial box which states: The array form void operator delete[] (void\* ptr, const std::nothrow&) throw(); was added during editing to correct an oversight in issue 18-014. BGD 1/96 Since 18-014 has been closed this box should be removed. Proposed Resolution: Remove Box 42 Requestor: Sandra Whitman Sandra Whitman Owner: Emails: None Papers: None \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-024 Title: Are Some numeric\_limits static const Members Really Dynamic ? Sections: 18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib. limits] Status: active Description: Daveed Vandevoorde in c++std-lib-4637 c++std-lib-4637 suggests that some of the static constant members in numeric\_limits might be dynamic. > Aren't some of these constants are not so constant in practice? > I believe the rounding style for example can be set at run-time > on several platforms. (SDW 5/96) 18-017 proposes replacing the static const bool traps member with a static traps routine. 18-018 proposes adding a routine to provide a runtime rounding mode. Other static const numeric\_limits members may fall into this category. Proposed Resolution: Determine if any static const numeric\_limits members really require runtime support. Daveed Vandevoorde Requestor: Sandra Whitman Owner: Emails: None c++std-lib-4594,4596,4597,4639 c++std-lib-4637 Papers: None \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-025 Title: Make references to throw references to throw() in 18.2.1 Sections: 18.2.1 Numeric limits [lib. limits] Status: active Description: Editorial; throw should be throw() in 18.2.1

Proposed Resolution: Change throw to throw() in 18.2.1 Requestor: Sandra Whitman Owner: Sandra Whitman Emails: None None Papers: \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-026 Title:type\_info from 95-0195/N0795Sections:18.5.1 Class type\_info [lib.type.info]Status:active Description: type\_info::operator!=(const type\_info&) is ambiguous in the presence of the template operators in <utility>, and it is unnecessary. Proposed Resolution: It should be removed. Requestor: P.J. Plauger Sandra Whitman None Owner: Emails: "Updated Issues List for Library" 95-0195/N0795 Papers: \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-027 Title:Describe rounding errorSections:18.2.1.2 numeric\_limits members [lib.numeric.limits.members]Status:activeDescription:Clause 18-editorial box 40 Currently section 18.2.1.2 contains an editorial box which states: (David Vandevoorde) This should include or reference the precise description as per LIA-1. The latter document was not available at the Santa Cruz post-meeting editing. Proposed Resolution: Remove Box 40 and add a footnote to section 18.2.1.2 numeric\_limits members [lib.numeric.limits.members] paragraph 22 which references the description of rounding error in LIA-1. So paragraph 22 and the associated footnote should become: Measure of the maximum rounding error. 166) 166) Rounding error is described in LIA-1 Section 5.2.8 and Annex A Rationale Section A.5.2.8 - Rounding constants. Requestor: Sandra Whitman Owner: Sandra Whitman None Emails: Papers: None \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group:Library Clause 18Issue Number:18-028Title:Type float\_round\_style editsSections:18.2.1.3 Type float\_round\_style [lib.round.style]Status:active Description: Clause 18-editorial box 41

Currently section 18.2.1.3 contains an editorial box which states:

The motion for introducing the above paragraph (motion 54 in Santa Cruz) mentioned addition (as copied literally from the C standard) instead of arithmetic. This almost certainly unintended but it is unclear whether transcendental functions (square root in particular) are affected as well. Proposed Resolution: Remove Box 41 Sandra Whitman Requestor: Sandra Whitman Owner: None Emails: None Papers: \_\_\_\_\_ Work Group: Library Clause 18 Issue Number: 18-029 Title: numeric\_limits specializations example editorial changes 18.2.1.4 numeric\_limits specializations [lib.numeric.special] Sections: Status: active Clause 18-editorial box 42 Description: Currently section 18.2.1.4 contains an editorial box which states: (David Vandevoorde) I added the throw presentations to bring the above example in agreement with the foregoing prototypes. Proposed Resolution: Remove Box 42 Requestor: Sandra Whitman Sandra Whitman Owner: Emails: None Papers: None Closed Issues \_\_\_\_\_ Issue Number: 18-001 Title: Typedef typedef void fvoid\_t(); not used anywhere N0784=95-0184 Last Doc.: Issue Number: 18-002 Title: Redundant typedefs Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-003 Title: Call to set\_new\_handler() with null pointer Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-004 Title: Inherited members explicitly mentioned Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-005 Title: Call to set\_terminate() or set\_unexpected() with null pointer Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-006 Title: <stdarg.h> and references Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-007 Title: denormal\_loss member to the numeric\_limits class Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-008 Title: global operator new

N0784=95-0184 Last Doc.: Issue Number: 18-009 Title: whither exception? Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-010 Exception specifications for class numeric\_limits Title: Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-011 Title: Exception specifications for set\_new\_handler() Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-012 Title: Exception specifications for set\_unexpected() and set\_terminate() Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-013 deleting a pointer obtained by a nothrow version of Title: "operator new" Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184 Issue Number: 18-014 Title: nothrow versions of "operator delete" Last Doc.: N0784=95-0184